

Corrosion Mitigation and Control at NASA Kennedy Space Center

Dr. Janice K. Lomness
Innovative Partnerships Development
NASA Kennedy Space Center



Introduction

The environment at KSC is extremely corrosive:

- **≻Ocean salt spray**
- >Heat
- **Humidity**
- **Sunlight**

Launch Complex 39A & 39B



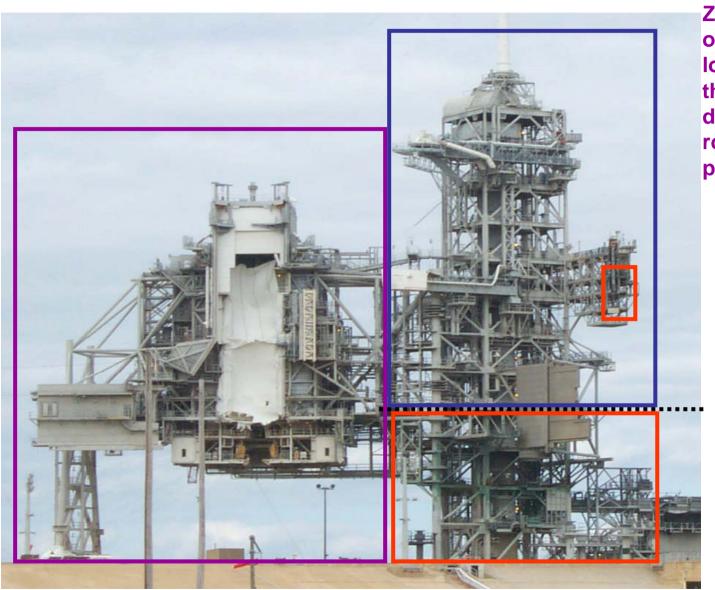




Launch Complex After Launch



Launch Complex 39 Zones of Exposure



Zone 3: Surfaces, other than those located in Zones 1 or 2, that receive acid deposition from solid rocket booster exhaust products

Zone 2: Surfaces that receive elevated temperatures and acid deposition from solid rocket booster exhaust with no exhaust impingement.

FSS 115" Level

Zone 1: Surfaces that receive direct rocket engine exhaust impingement.



NASA's Protective Coatings Standard

- NASA STD-5008: Protective Coating of Carbon Steel, Stainless Steel, and Aluminum on Launch Structures, Facilities, and Ground Support Equipment (GSE)
 - Establishes practices, methods, and procedures for the protective coating of launch structures, GSE, and related NASA facilities worldwide.
 - **Contains the Qualified Products List.**



NASA's Protective Coatings Standard

Purpose

- > To establish uniform engineering practices across NASA programs
- > To provide a design standard for the development of specifications and requirements for
 - Safety
 - Materials
 - Equipment
 - Procedures
 - Quality assurance inspections
 - Provide and maintain a qualified products list



NASA STD-5008 QPL Qualification Process

• Atmospheric testing at the Corrosion Technology Atmospheric Test Facility







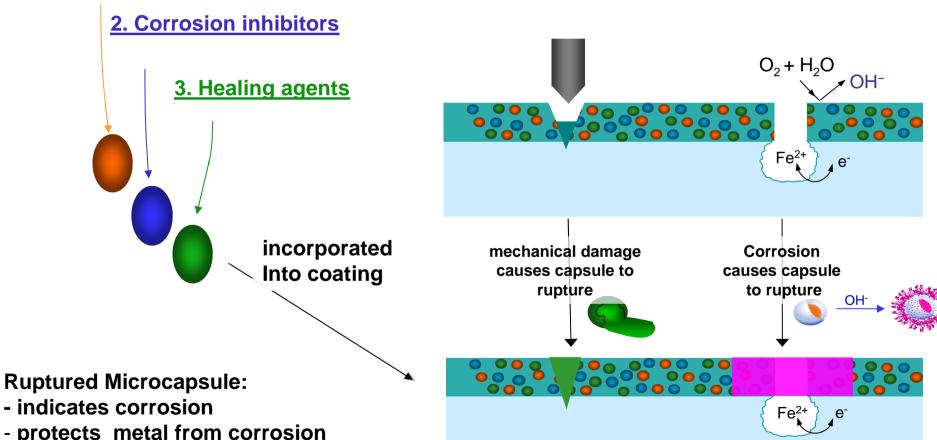
Corrosion Mitigation and Control

- Coating Development
 - Development of cutting edge corrosion mitigation and control technologies that are environmentally friendly



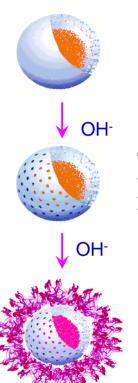
Smart Coating Development Concept

1. Corrosion indicators



- protects metal from corrosion
- repairs damaged area

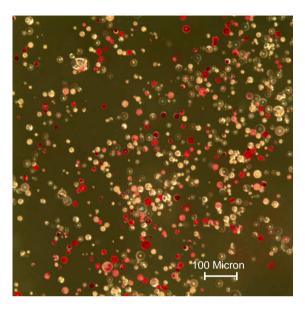
pH Sensitive Microcapsules



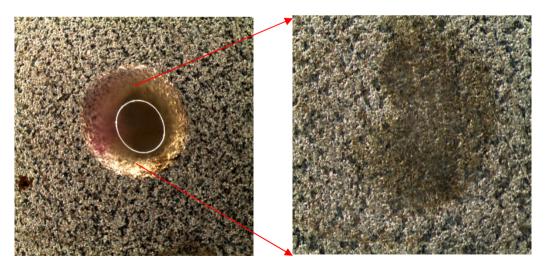
Microcapsule containing pH indicator (inhibitor, self healing agents)

The shell of the microcapsule breaks down under basic pH conditions through the ester hydrolysis reaction





Color change due to Microcapsules in solution responding to basic pH conditions



Microcapsules in solution indicating presence of localized corrosion on carbon steel substrate



Conclusions

- Corrosion Control and Mitigation for NASA Kennedy Space Center
 - > NASA STD-5008 procedures
 - **►** Atmospheric Coating Testing
 - **Coating Development**
- Taking advantage of new and improved technologies could dramatically reduce expensive corrosion related repairs and possible catastrophic failures.



Contact Information

Luz Marina Calle
 Corrosion Technology Laboratory KT-E
 Kennedy Space Center FL, 32899
 (321)867-3278 or luz.m.calle@nasa.gov